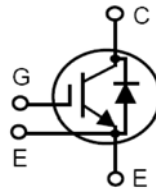


# 1200V XPT™ IGBT GenX3™ w/ Diode

## IXYN82N120C3H1

High-Speed IGBT  
for 20-50 kHz Switching



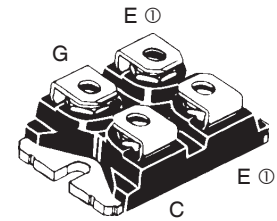
$$V_{CES} = 1200V$$

$$I_{C110} = 46A$$

$$V_{CE(sat)} \leq 3.2V$$

$$t_{fi(typ)} = 93ns$$

SOT-227B, miniBLOC



G = Gate, C = Collector, E = Emitter  
⓪ either emitter terminal can be used as Main or Kelvin Emitter

Symbol	Test Conditions	Maximum Ratings	
$V_{CES}$	$T_J = 25^\circ C$ to $150^\circ C$	1200	V
$V_{CGR}$	$T_J = 25^\circ C$ to $150^\circ C$ , $R_{GE} = 1M\Omega$	1200	V
$V_{GES}$	Continuous	$\pm 20$	V
$V_{GEM}$	Transient	$\pm 30$	V
$I_{C25}$	$T_C = 25^\circ C$ (Chip Capability)	105	A
$I_{C110}$	$T_C = 110^\circ C$	46	A
$I_{F110}$	$T_C = 110^\circ C$	42	A
$I_{CM}$	$T_C = 25^\circ C$ , 1ms	320	A
$I_A$	$T_C = 25^\circ C$	41	A
$E_{AS}$	$T_C = 25^\circ C$	800	mJ
<b>SSOA</b> <b>(RBSOA)</b>	$V_{GE} = 15V$ , $T_{VJ} = 125^\circ C$ , $R_G = 2\Omega$ Clamped Inductive Load	$I_{CM} = 164$ @ $V_{CE} \leq V_{CES}$	A
$P_C$	$T_C = 25^\circ C$	500	W
$T_J$		-55 ... +150	$^\circ C$
$T_{JM}$		150	$^\circ C$
$T_{stg}$		-55 ... +150	$^\circ C$
$V_{ISOL}$	50/60Hz $I_{ISOL} \leq 1mA$	$t = 1min$ $t = 1s$	2500 3000 V~ V~
$M_d$	Mounting Torque Terminal Connection Torque	1.5/13 1.3/11.5	Nm/lb.in. Nm/lb.in.
<b>Weight</b>		30	g

### Features

- Optimized for Low Switching Losses
- Square RBSOA
- Isolation Voltage 2500V~
- Anti-Parallel Ultra Fast Diode
- Positive Thermal Coefficient of  $V_{ce(sat)}$
- Avalanche Rated
- High Current Handling Capability
- International Standard Package

### Advantages

- High Power Density
- Low Gate Drive Requirement

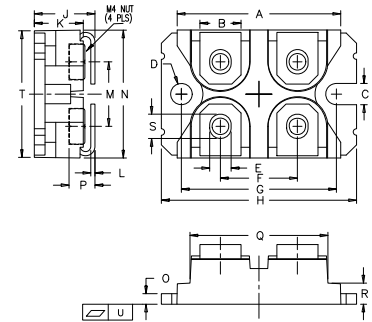
### Applications

- High Frequency Power Inverters
- UPS
- Motor Drives
- SMPS
- PFC Circuits
- Battery Chargers
- Welding Machines
- Lamp Ballasts

Symbol	Test Conditions ( $T_J = 25^\circ C$ , Unless Otherwise Specified)	Characteristic Values		
		Min.	Typ.	Max.
$BV_{CES}$	$I_C = 250\mu A$ , $V_{GE} = 0V$	1200		V
$V_{GE(th)}$	$I_C = 250\mu A$ , $V_{CE} = V_{GE}$	3.0		5.0 V
$I_{CES}$	$V_{CE} = V_{CES}$ , $V_{GE} = 0V$ $T_J = 125^\circ C$			50 $\mu A$ 3 mA
$I_{GES}$	$V_{CE} = 0V$ , $V_{GE} = \pm 20V$			$\pm 100$ nA
$V_{CE(sat)}$	$I_C = 82A$ , $V_{GE} = 15V$ , Note 1 $T_J = 125^\circ C$		2.75 3.50	V V

Symbol	Test Conditions ( $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ Unless Otherwise Specified)	Characteristic Values		
		Min.	Typ.	Max.
$g_{fs}$	$I_C = 60\text{A}, V_{CE} = 10\text{V}$ , Note 1	30	50	S
$C_{ies}$	$V_{CE} = 25\text{V}, V_{GE} = 0\text{V}, f = 1\text{MHz}$		4060	pF
$C_{oes}$			285	pF
$C_{res}$			110	pF
$Q_{g(on)}$	$I_C = 75\text{A}, V_{GE} = 15\text{V}, V_{CE} = 0.5 \cdot V_{CES}$		215	nC
$Q_{ge}$			26	nC
$Q_{gc}$			84	nC
$t_{d(on)}$	<b>Inductive load, <math>T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}</math></b> $I_C = 80\text{A}, V_{GE} = 15\text{V}$ $V_{CE} = 0.5 \cdot V_{CES}, R_G = 2\Omega$ Note 2		29	ns
$t_{ri}$			78	ns
$E_{on}$			4.95	mJ
$t_{d(off)}$			192	280 ns
$t_{fi}$			93	ns
$E_{off}$		2.78	5.00 mJ	
$t_{d(on)}$	<b>Inductive load, <math>T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}</math></b> $I_C = 80\text{A}, V_{GE} = 15\text{V}$ $V_{CE} = 0.5 \cdot V_{CES}, R_G = 2\Omega$ Note 2		29	ns
$t_{ri}$			90	ns
$E_{on}$			7.45	mJ
$t_{d(off)}$			200	ns
$t_{fi}$			95	ns
$E_{off}$		3.70	mJ	
$R_{thJC}$			0.25	$^\circ\text{C/W}$
$R_{thCS}$		0.05		$^\circ\text{C/W}$

### SOT-227B miniBLOC (IXYN)



SYM	INCHES		MILLIMETERS	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	1.240	1.255	31.50	31.88
B	.307	.323	7.80	8.20
C	.161	.169	4.09	4.29
D	.161	.169	4.09	4.29
E	.161	.169	4.09	4.29
F	.587	.595	14.91	15.11
G	1.186	1.193	30.12	30.30
H	1.496	1.505	38.00	38.23
J	.460	.481	11.68	12.22
K	.351	.378	8.92	9.60
L	.030	.033	0.76	0.84
M	.496	.506	12.60	12.85
N	.990	1.001	25.15	25.42
O	.078	.084	1.98	2.13
P	.195	.235	4.95	5.97
Q	1.045	1.059	26.54	26.90
R	.155	.174	3.94	4.42
S	.186	.191	4.72	4.85
T	.968	.987	24.59	25.07
U	-.002	.004	-0.05	0.1

### Reverse Diode (FRED)

Symbol	Test Conditions ( $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , Unless Otherwise Specified)	Characteristic Values		
		Min.	Typ.	Max.
$V_F$	$I_F = 60\text{A}, V_{GE} = 0\text{V}$ , Note 1 $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$		1.9	2.7 V
$I_{RM}$	$I_F = 60\text{A}, V_{GE} = 0\text{V}, T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ $-di_F/dt = 700\text{A}/\mu\text{s}, V_R = 600\text{V}$		41	A
$t_{rr}$			420	ns
$R_{thJC}$				0.42 $^\circ\text{C/W}$

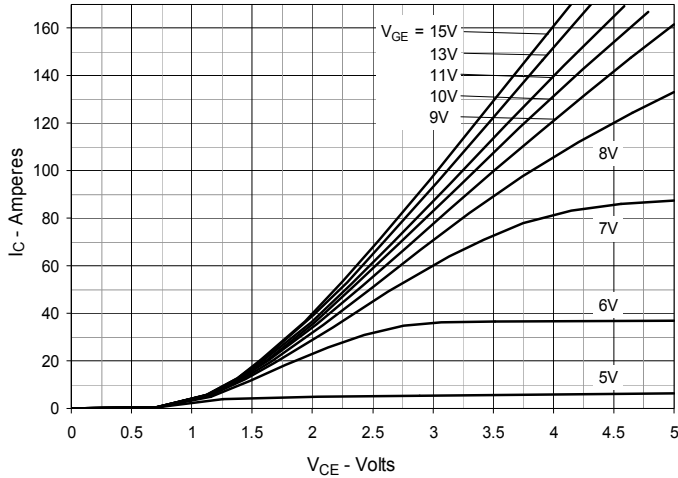
### Notes:

1. Pulse test,  $t \leq 300\mu\text{s}$ , duty cycle,  $d \leq 2\%$ .
2. Switching times & energy losses may increase for higher  $V_{CE}$  (clamp),  $T_J$  or  $R_G$ .

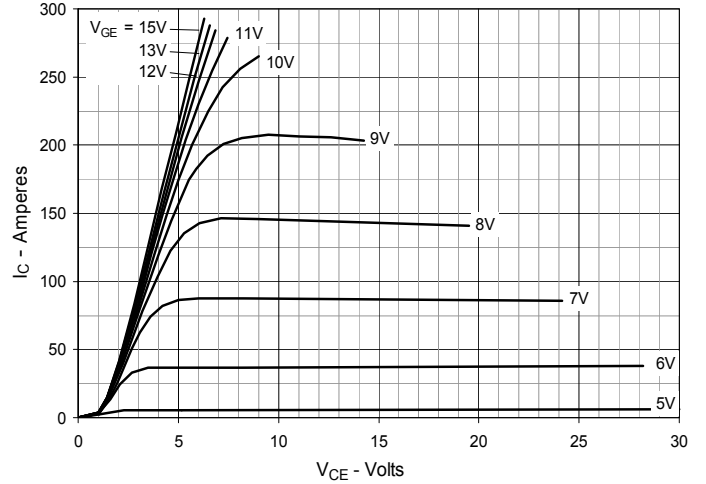
IXYS Reserves the Right to Change Limits, Test Conditions, and Dimensions.

IXYS MOSFETs and IGBTs are covered by one or more of the following U.S. patents:	4,835,592	4,931,844	5,049,961	5,237,481	6,162,665	6,404,065 B1	6,683,344	6,727,585	7,005,734 B2	7,157,338B2
	4,860,072	5,017,508	5,063,307	5,381,025	6,259,123 B1	6,534,343	6,710,405 B2	6,759,692	7,063,975 B2	
	4,881,106	5,034,796	5,187,117	5,486,715	6,306,728 B1	6,583,505	6,710,463	6,771,478 B2	7,071,537	

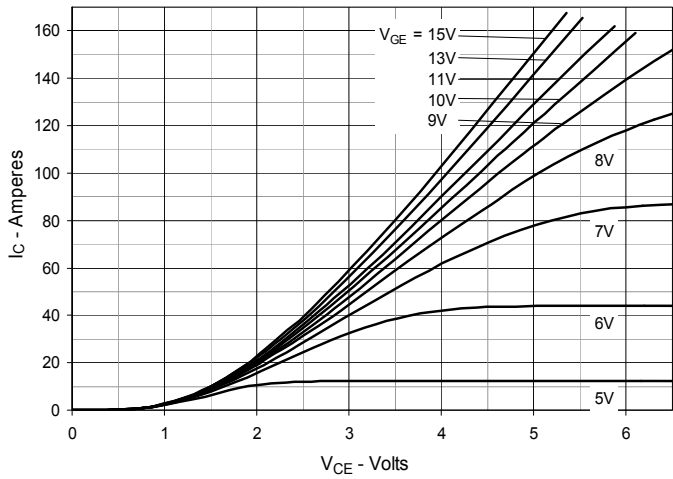
**Fig. 1. Output Characteristics @  $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$**



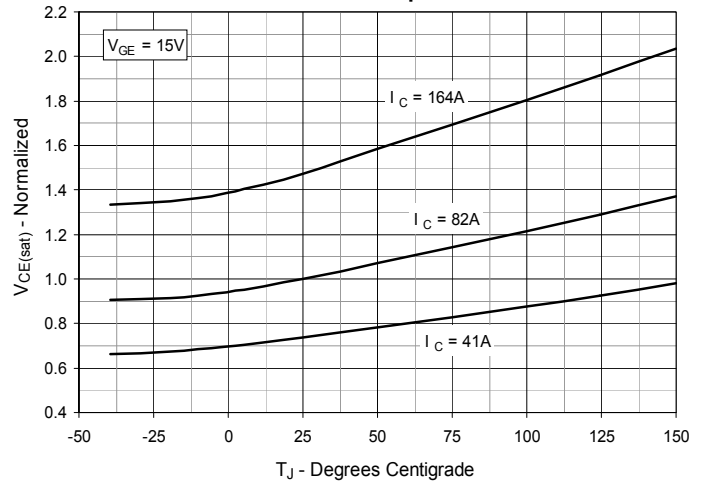
**Fig. 2. Extended Output Characteristics @  $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$**



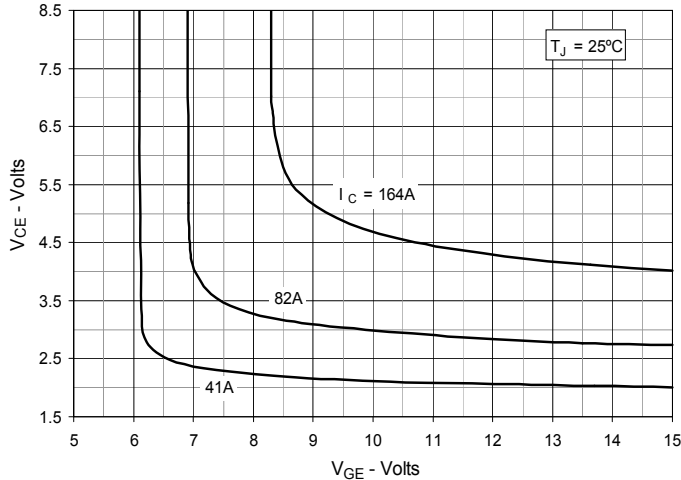
**Fig. 3. Output Characteristics @  $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$**



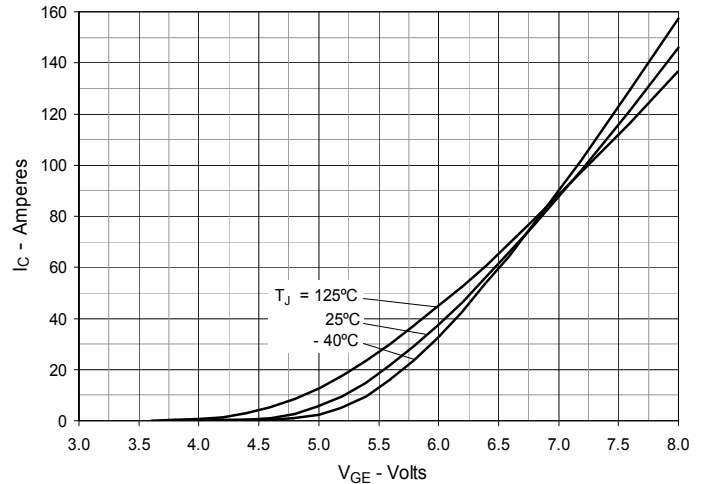
**Fig. 4. Dependence of  $V_{CE(sat)}$  on Junction Temperature**

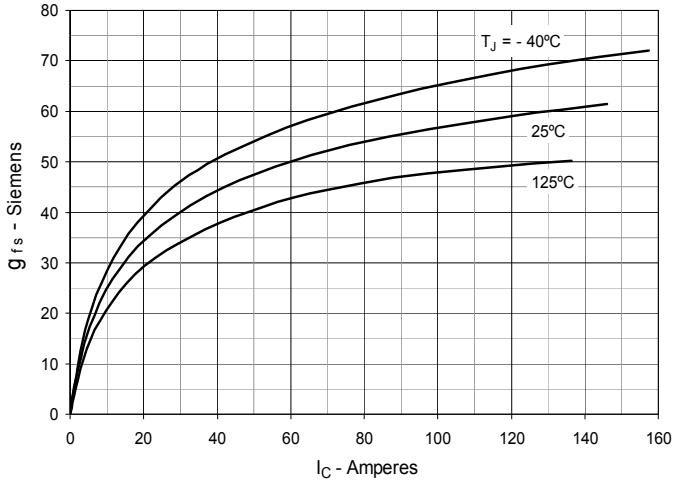
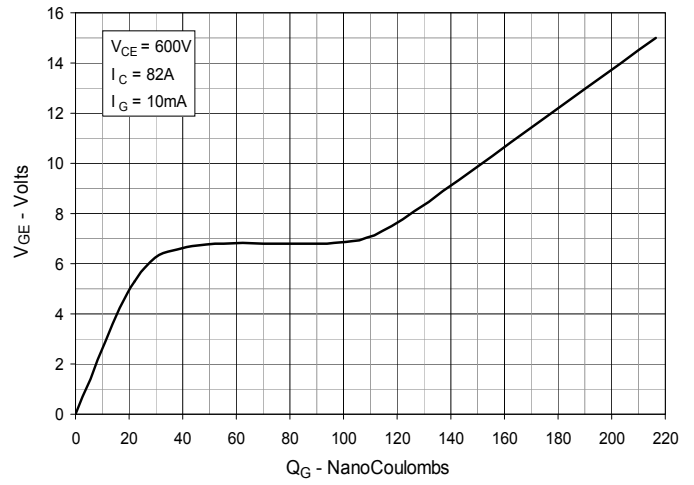
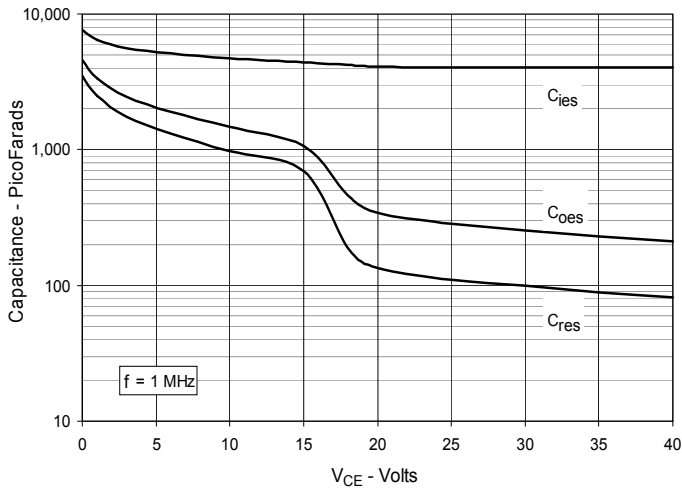
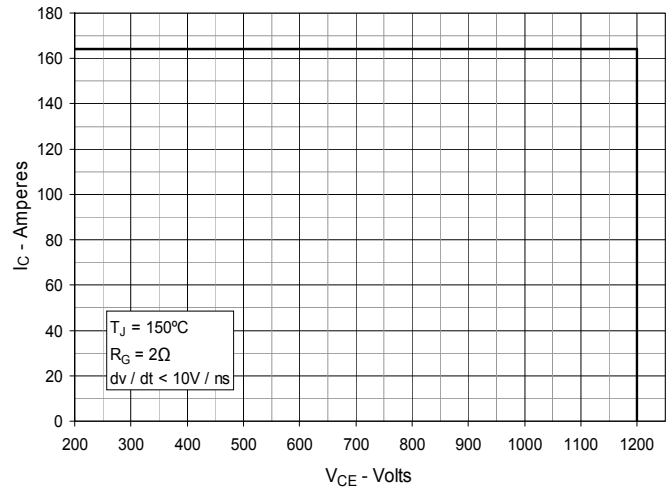
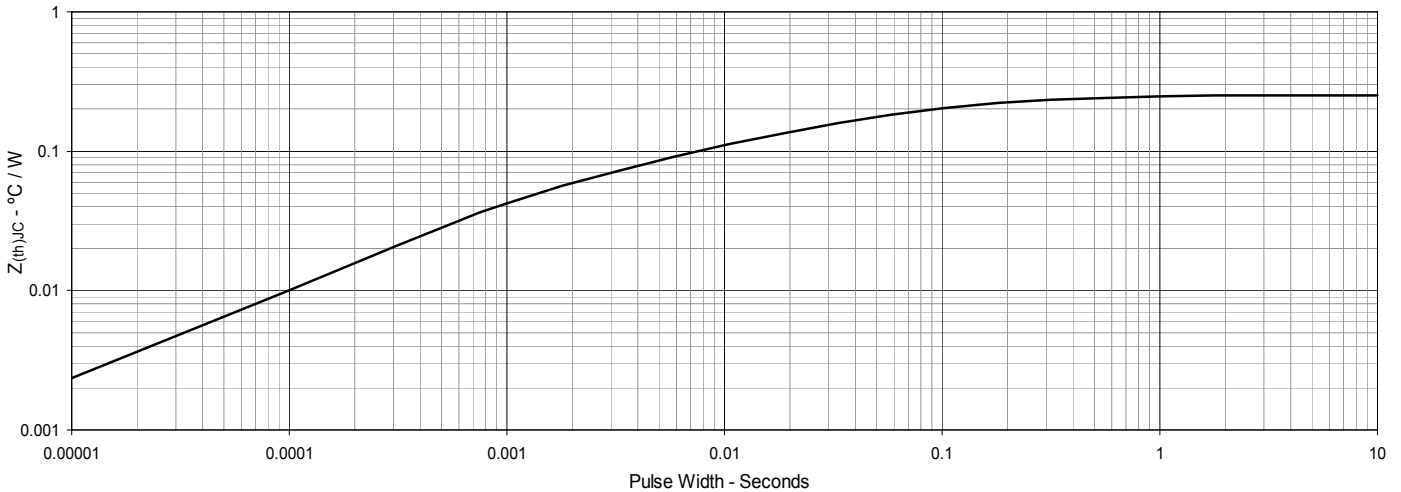


**Fig. 5. Collector-to-Emitter Voltage vs. Gate-to-Emitter Voltage**

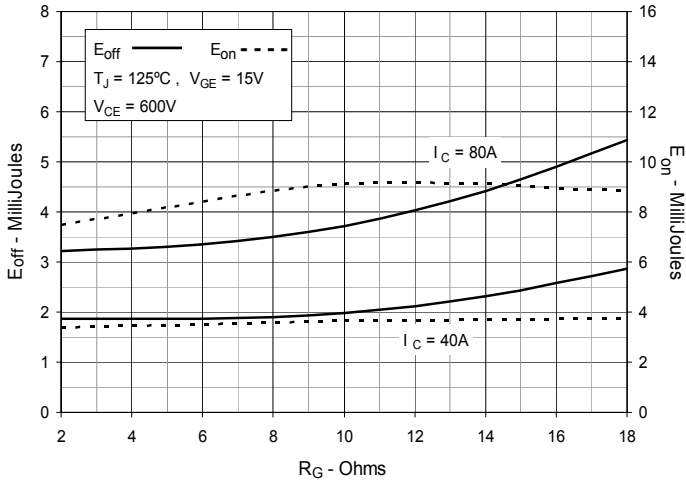


**Fig. 6. Input Admittance**

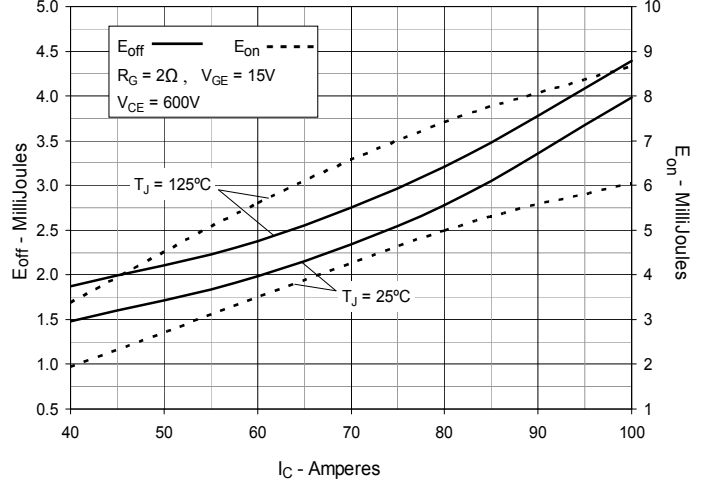


**Fig. 7. Transconductance**

**Fig. 8. Gate Charge**

**Fig. 9. Capacitance**

**Fig. 10. Reverse-Bias Safe Operating Area**

**Fig. 11. Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance**


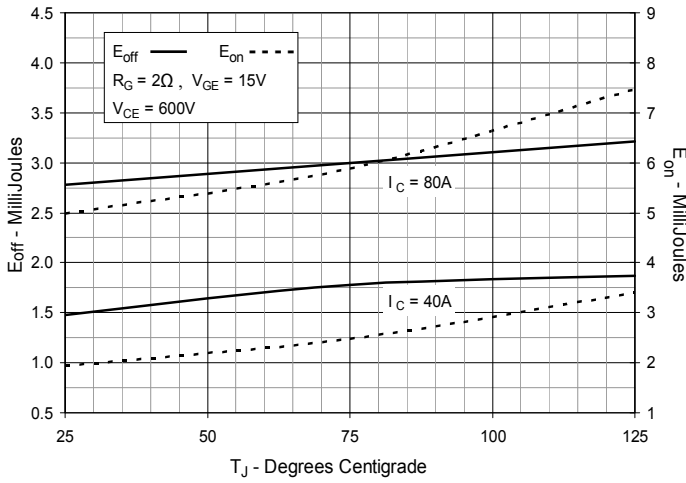
**Fig. 12. Inductive Switching Energy Loss vs. Gate Resistance**



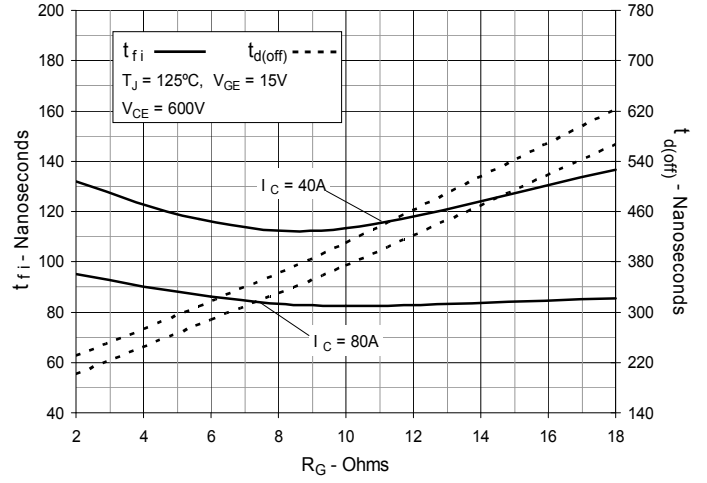
**Fig. 13. Inductive Switching Energy Loss vs. Collector Current**



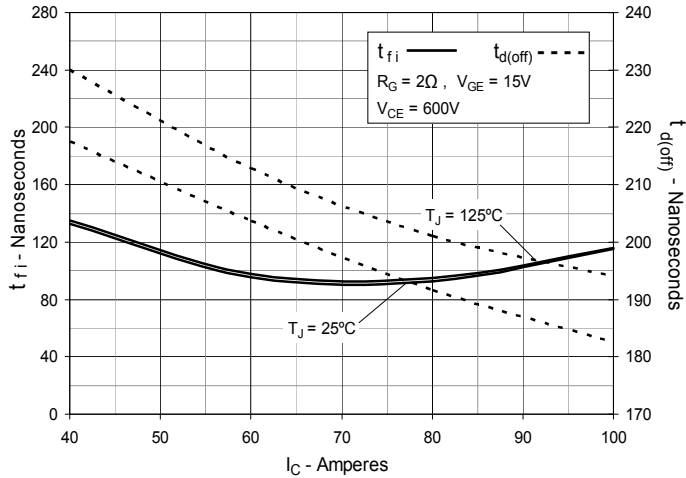
**Fig. 14. Inductive Switching Energy Loss vs. Junction Temperature**



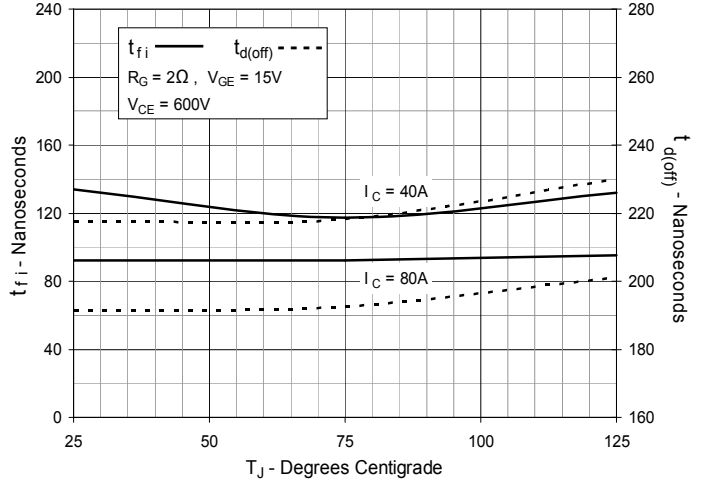
**Fig. 15. Inductive Turn-off Switching Times vs. Gate Resistance**



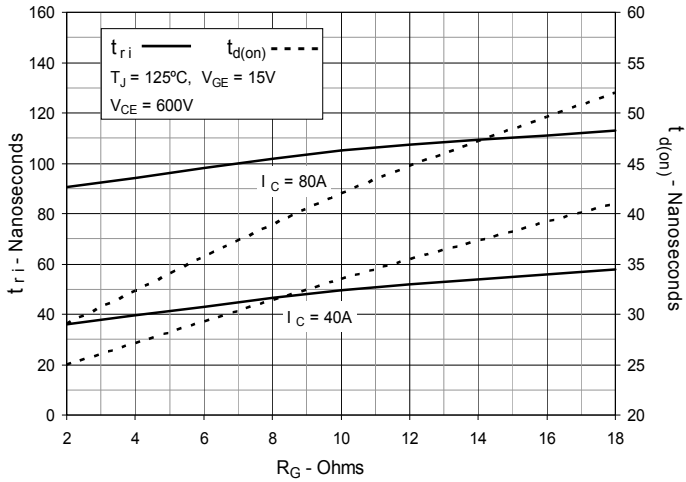
**Fig. 16. Inductive Turn-off Switching Times vs. Collector Current**



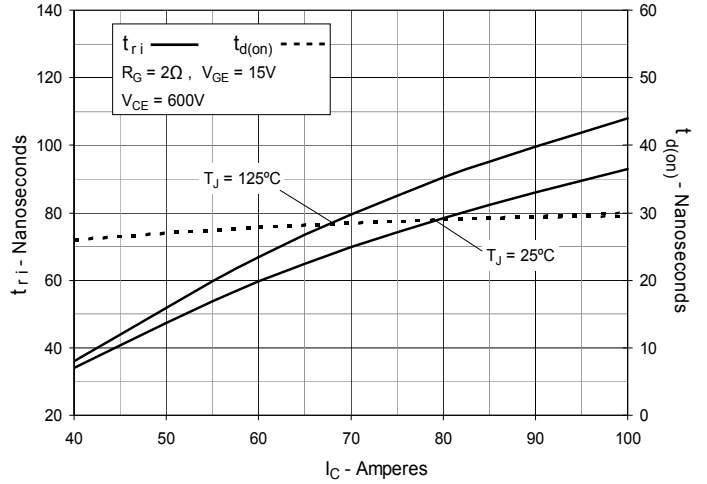
**Fig. 17. Inductive Turn-off Switching Times vs. Junction Temperature**



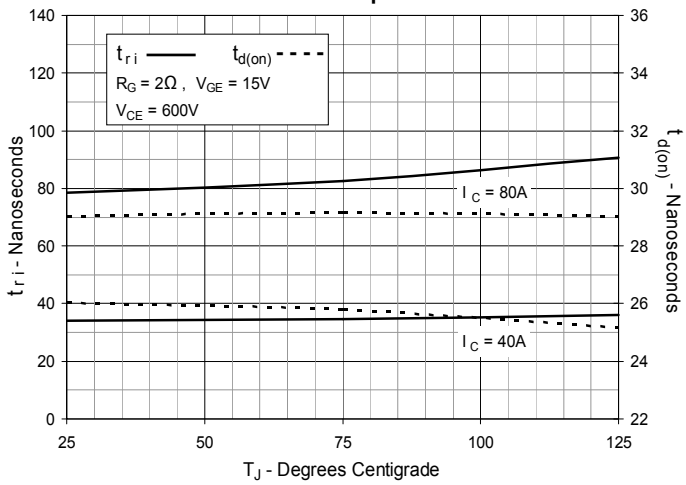
**Fig. 18. Inductive Turn-on Switching Times vs. Gate Resistance**



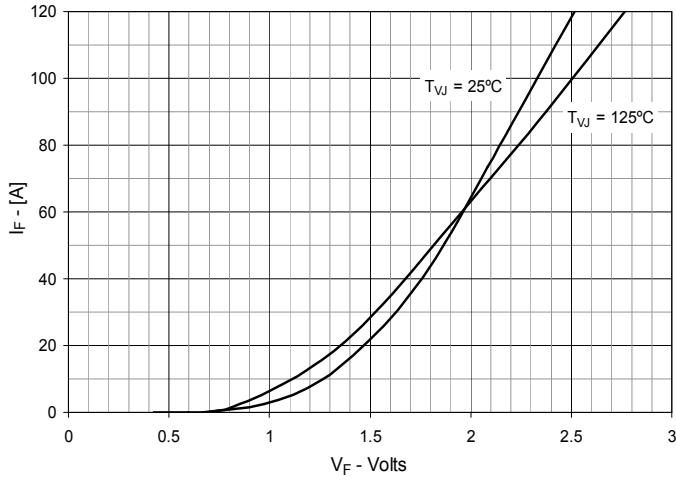
**Fig. 19. Inductive Turn-on Switching Times vs. Collector Current**



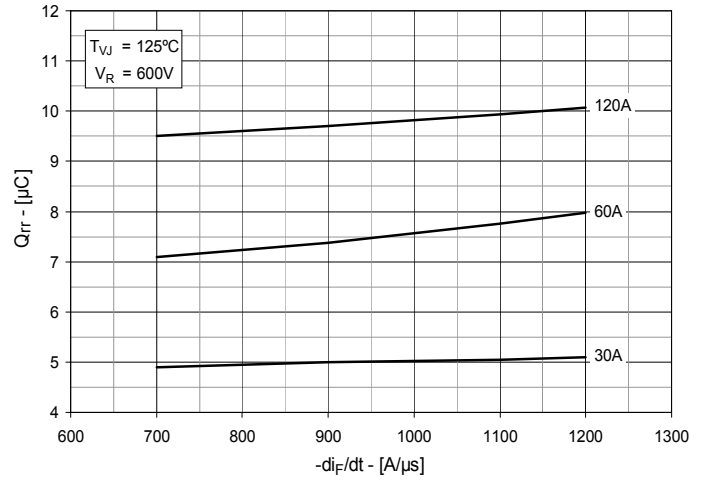
**Fig. 20. Inductive Turn-on Switching Times vs. Junction Temperature**



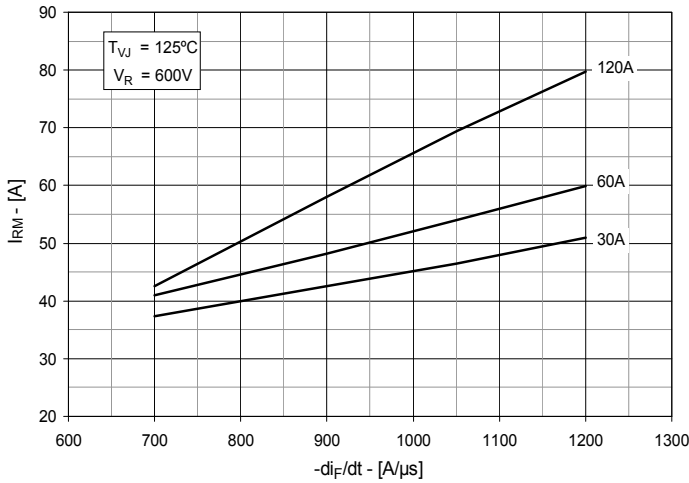
**Fig. 21. Typ. Forward Characteristics**



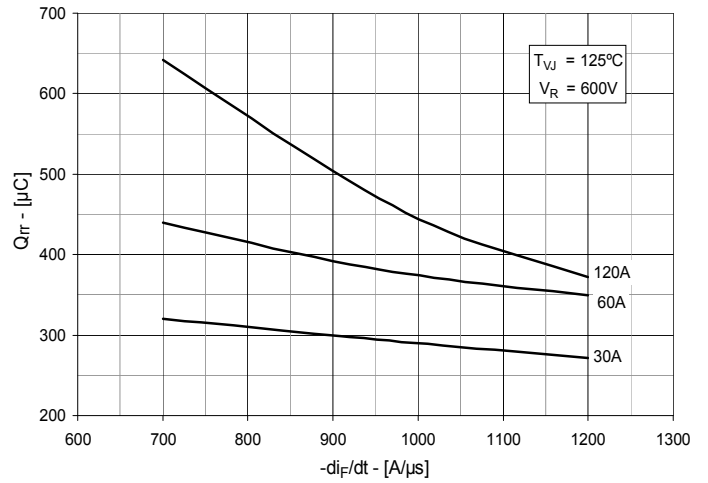
**Fig. 22. Typ. Reverse Recovery Charge  $Q_{rr}$  vs.  $-di_F/dt$**



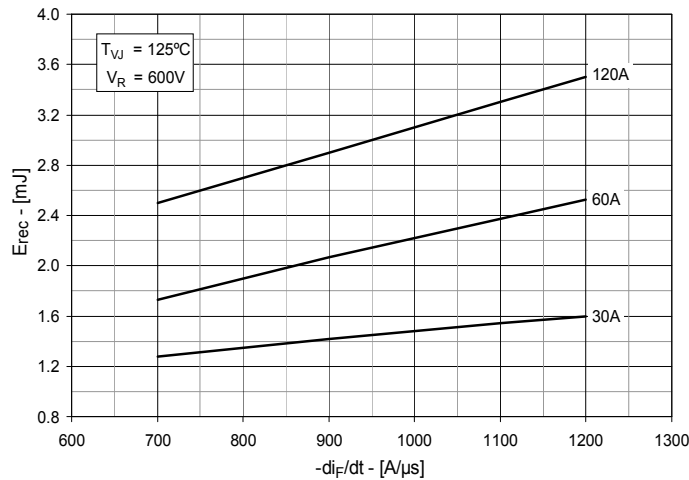
**Fig. 23. Typ. Peak Reverse Current  $I_{RM}$  vs.  $-di_F/dt$**



**Fig. 24. Typ. Recovery Time  $t_{rr}$  vs.  $-di_F/dt$**



**Fig. 25. Typ. Recovery Energy  $E_{rec}$  vs.  $-di_F/dt$**



**Fig. 26. Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance**

